



## Dr.G.R.Damodaran College of Science

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II BSC Information Technology [2016-2019 Batch]

Semester III

Core: Web Technology - 312B

Multiple Choice Questions.

1. Expand HTML?

- A. Hyper Texture Making of Language.
- B. Hyper Text Markup Language.
- C. Hyper Text Marking of Links.
- D. Higher Text Markup Language.

ANSWER: B

2. Which HTML tag is used to display a picture on a webpage?

- A. picture.
- B. image.
- C. img.
- D. src.

ANSWER: C

3. The \_\_\_\_\_ element is located within the <head>...</head> tags.

- A. hr.
- B. h6.
- C. title.
- D. end.

ANSWER: C

4. The \_\_\_\_\_ element is used to create an unordered list.

- A. h1.
- B. h6.
- C. ul.
- D. hr.

ANSWER: C

5. Links are inserted using the \_\_\_\_\_ element.

- A. <a>.
- B. <b>.
- C. <c>.
- D. <title>.

ANSWER: A

6. href is a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. tag.

- B. attribute.
- C. element.
- D. title.

ANSWER: B

7. <b> tag makes the enclosed text bold. What is other tag to make text bold?

- A. <strong>
- B. <dar>
- C. <black>
- D. <emp>

ANSWER: A

8. The width of any column is specified in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. dot.
- B. pixels.
- C. frames.
- D. head.

ANSWER: B

9. The HTML documents created using text editor are saved with \_\_\_\_\_ file name extension.

- A. .exe.
- B. .com.
- C. .html.
- D. .xhtml.

ANSWER: C

10. \_\_\_\_\_ is used to group the header content in an HTML table.

- A. <Header>.
- B. Thead.
- C. Header1.
- D. Alt.

ANSWER: B

11. Text based browsers are unable to render a \_\_\_\_\_ element.

- A. title.
- B. head.
- C. frameset.
- D. thead.

ANSWER: D

12. The \_\_\_\_\_ attribute in an input element inserts a button which clears the contents in the form.

- A. type="set"
- B. type="reset".
- C. type="clear".
- D. type="0".

ANSWER: B

13. The spacing of frameset is set by including the \_\_\_\_\_ attribute or \_\_\_\_\_ attribute inside of the <frameset>tag.

- A. cols,rows.
- B. rows,cols.

- C. 0,rows.
  - D. cols,0.
- ANSWER: A

14. The \_\_\_\_\_ element inserts a new item in a list.

- A. ul.
- B. li.
- C. il.
- D. lr.

ANSWER: B

15. The \_\_\_\_\_ element tells the browser version of HTML.

- A. <doctype>.
- B. <type>.
- C. <typeset>.
- D. <html>.

ANSWER: A

16. To apply a CSS rule to more than one element at a time, separate the element names with a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. dot.
- B. comma.
- C. &.
- D. and.

ANSWER: B

17. Pixels are a \_\_\_\_\_ length measurement unit.

- A. relative.
- B. absolute.
- C. exact.
- D. power.

ANSWER: A

18. The hover \_\_\_\_\_ is activated when the user moves the mouse cursor over the specified element.

- A. element.
- B. pseudoelement.
- C. textindent.
- D. content.

ANSWER: B

19. If an element is float, stop the flowing text by using the \_\_\_\_\_ property.

- A. set.
- B. reset.
- C. image.
- D. clear.

ANSWER: D

20. The \_\_\_\_\_ property allows indenting the first line of text in an element.

- A. text-align.
- B. text-justify
- C. text-indent.
- D. <indent>

ANSWER: C

21. A/An \_\_\_\_\_ processes an XML document.

- A. analyser.
- B. compiler.
- C. parser.
- D. memory.

ANSWER: C

22. In HTML, \_\_\_\_\_ tag has no end tag.

- A. <frame>.
- B. <head>.
- C. <form>.
- D. <b>.

ANSWER: A

23. XML is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. case-Sensitive .
- B. not Case-Sensitive .
- C. expensive.
- D. attribute oriented.

ANSWER: A

24. HTML uses \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. pre-specified tags.
- B. user defined tags
- C. tags only for linking.
- D. fixed tags defined by the language.

ANSWER: D

25. HTML is similar to a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. word processing language.
- B. screen editor.
- C. scripting language.
- D. search engine.

ANSWER: A

26. A web page is located using a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Universal Record Linking
- B. Uniform Resource Locator.
- C. Universal Record Locator.
- D. Uniformly Reachable Links.

ANSWER: B

27. Extranet means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. an extra fast computer network.
- B. the intranets of two co-operating organizations interconnected via a secure leased line.
- C. an extra network used by an organization for higher reliability.
- D. an extra connection to internet provided to co-operating organization.

ANSWER: B

28. \_\_\_\_\_ is an extra connection to internet provided to co-operating organization.
- A. take a predetermined path.
  - B. take a path based on packet priority
  - C. go along different paths based on path availability.
  - D. take the shortest path from source to destination.

ANSWER: C

29. Internet data is broken up as \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. fixed length packets.
  - B. variable length packets.
  - C. not packetized.
  - D. 64 bytes packets.

ANSWER: B

30. Which type of css uses style attribute?
- A. Internal.
  - B. Inline.
  - C. External.
  - D. Mixed.

ANSWER: B

31. The set of document type declarations inside an XML document is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. external subset.
  - B. internal subset.
  - C. middle subset.
  - D. outer subset.

ANSWER: B

32. Elements are declared with the \_\_\_\_\_ type declaration.
- A. element.
  - B. tag.
  - C. attribute.
  - D. document.

ANSWER: A

33. Keyword \_\_\_\_\_ indicates that an element contains parsable character data.
- A. PCDATA.
  - B. PCDATA.
  - C. CDATA.
  - D. DATA.

ANSWER: B

34. In an element type declaration, the pipeline character (|) indicates that the element can contain \_\_\_\_\_ of the elements indicated.
- A. two.
  - B. one.
  - C. three.
  - D. zero.

ANSWER: B

35. Attributes are declared by using the \_\_\_\_\_ type.

- A. attlist.
  - B. atlist.
  - C. alist.
  - D. attribute
- ANSWER: A

36. Keyword \_\_\_\_\_ specifies that the attribute can only take a specific value that is defined in the DTD.

- A. #fixed.
- B. #implied.
- C. #error.
- D. #explicit.

ANSWER: A

37. ID, IDREF, \_\_\_\_\_ and NMTOKEN are the types of tokenized attributes.

- A. attribute.
- B. entity.
- C. tag.
- D. element

ANSWER: B

38. The % character is used to declare a/an \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. function entity.
- B. parameter entity.
- C. document entity.
- D. tag entity.

ANSWER: B

39. DTD is an acronym for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. document type declaration.
- B. document type definition.
- C. document tag definition.
- D. data type declare.

ANSWER: B

40. Conditional sections of DTDs are often used with \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. elements.
- B. tags.
- C. entities.
- D. browsers.

ANSWER: C

41. If the content of a document conforms to a schema, then the document is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. schema valid.
- B. schema xml
- C. xml valid.
- D. xsl valid.

ANSWER: A

42. The root element of a Microsoft XML schema document is the \_\_\_\_\_ element.

- A. xml.

- B. xsl.
  - C. schema.
  - D. parser.
- ANSWER: C

43. Element Schema can contain Elementtype, attributetype and \_\_\_\_\_ elements.

- A. element.
- B. source file.
- C. description.
- D. datatypes.

ANSWER: C

44. Element element's \_\_\_\_\_ attribute specifies the maximum occurrences a child element can have.

- A. maximoccurs.
- B. maxoccurs.
- C. max.
- D. maximum.

ANSWER: B

45. Attributes can be created in Microsoft XML schema using the \_\_\_\_\_ element.

- A. document type.
- B. attribute type.
- C. tag type.
- D. data type.

ANSWER: B

46. Data type \_\_\_\_\_ indicates a real number.

- A. numeric.
- B. arithmetic.
- C. double.
- D. float.

ANSWER: D

47. Element attribute type's \_\_\_\_\_ attribute contains enumeration values.

- A. di:values.
- B. dt:values.
- C. id:values.
- D. dd:values.

ANSWER: B

48. A \_\_\_\_\_ cannot be specified in the same manner as XML document.

- A. html.
- B. CSS.
- C. DTD.
- D. schema.

ANSWER: C

49. Attribute \_\_\_\_\_ specifies whether elements can contain elements defined in the schema.

- A. model.
- B. mixed.
- C. content.

D. attribute.  
ANSWER: A

50. When attribute content is \_\_\_\_\_, an element can contain both elements and character data.  
A. declared.  
B. mixed.  
C. implied.  
D. explicit.

ANSWER: B

51. When attribute order is assigned, \_\_\_\_\_ number of child elements and text can be combined.  
A. one.  
B. two.  
C. three  
D. many.

ANSWER: D

52. DOM is an acronym for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. document object model.  
B. document object metrics.  
C. digital object model.  
D. digital object metrics.

ANSWER: A

53. A document using a Microsoft XML schema references the schema through a URI that begins with \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. x-schema.  
B. y-schema.  
C. xml.  
D. xsl.

ANSWER: A

54. \_\_\_\_\_ defines how to display HTML elements.  
A. Styles.  
B. Attributes.  
C. Values.  
D. Markups.

ANSWER: A

55. White space is either \_\_\_\_\_ or normalized depending on the context in which it is used.  
A. preserved.  
B. not preserved.  
C. implied.  
D. included.

ANSWER: A

56. Keyword \_\_\_\_\_ indicates that the attribute must appear in the element.  
A. #required.  
B. #fixed.  
C. #content.  
D. #xclude.



ANSWER: A

57. The \_\_\_\_\_ specifies that the attribute value is constant.
- A. #required.
  - B. #fixed.
  - C. #content.
  - D. #xclude.

ANSWER: B

58. NOTATION is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ attribute type.
- A. enumerated.
  - B. structured.
  - C. keyword.
  - D. aligned.

ANSWER: A

59. Keyword \_\_\_\_\_ specifies that declarations are included.
- A. include.
  - B. exclude.
  - C. added.
  - D. updated.

ANSWER: A

60. The \_\_\_\_\_ element contains any text the document author chooses to describe the schema document.
- A. description.
  - B. describe.
  - C. header.
  - D. plotter.

ANSWER: A

61. The \_\_\_\_\_ tag forces a line break.
- A. ol.
  - B. li.
  - C. h1.
  - D. br.

ANSWER: D

62. \_\_\_\_\_ list displays information in outline form.
- A. Nested.
  - B. Unnested.
  - C. Sequential.
  - D. Recursive.

ANSWER: A

63. An \_\_\_\_\_ produces list with sequential numbers.
- A. unordered list.
  - B. ordered list
  - C. nested list.
  - D. recursive. list

ANSWER: B

64. All special characters in HTML start with the \_\_\_\_\_ symbol.

- A. ##.
- B. \$\$.
- C. &.
- D. \*.

ANSWER: C

65. The \_\_\_\_\_ property is mostly used to remove underlines from links for design purposes.

- A. text-effect.
- B. text-decoration.
- C. text-hyperlink.
- D. text-design.

ANSWER: B

66. The \_\_\_\_\_ element marks text as deleted and renders with a strike.

- A. clear.
- B. reset.
- C. del.
- D. alt.

ANSWER: C

67. HTML documents are created using \_\_\_\_\_ editors.

- A. markup.
- B. text.
- C. image.
- D. paint.

ANSWER: B

68. The \_\_\_\_\_ tag tells the browser that the page contain frames.

- A. image.
- B. color.
- C. cols.
- D. frameset.

ANSWER: D

69. \_\_\_\_\_ helps to create named anchors for hyperlinks to a particular parts of an HTML document.

- A. Internal Linking.
- B. External Linking.
- C. centre Linking.
- D. Bottom Linking.

ANSWER: A

70. A coordinate pair consists of \_\_\_\_\_ numbers, which are locations of point on x and y axis.

- A. one.
- B. two.
- C. three.
- D. four.

ANSWER: B

71. shape=" \_\_\_\_\_ " creates a rectangular hotspot.

- A. rect.
- B. rectangle.
- C. rectangular.
- D. rect spot.

ANSWER: A

72. Attribute \_\_\_\_\_ is used to define the XSLT specification that is being used.

- A. document.
- B. version.
- C. type.
- D. element.

ANSWER: B

73. shape=" \_\_\_\_\_ " creates a circular hotspot.

- A. circ.
- B. circle.
- C. round.
- D. encircle.

ANSWER: B

74. All elements of an image map are contained inside the \_\_\_\_\_ tags.

- A. <image>.
- B. <map>.
- C. <poly>.
- D. <src>.

ANSWER: B

75. The purpose of a \_\_\_\_\_ attribute in the frame element gives an identity to specific frame.

- A. img.
- B. map.
- C. name.
- D. text.

ANSWER: C

76. An XML element is said to be \_\_\_\_\_ if it does not reference an external DTD.

- A. multipurpose.
- B. standalone.
- C. multiuser.
- D. enabled.

ANSWER: B

77. \_\_\_\_\_ impose constraints on attribute values.

- A. String attributes.
- B. Enumerated attributes.
- C. Tokenized attributes.
- D. CDATA attributes.

ANSWER: C

78. shape=" \_\_\_\_\_ " creates a no preset hotspot.

- A. rect.
- B. circle.

- C. poly.
  - D. triangle.
- ANSWER: C

79. An XSLT document is an XML document with \_\_\_\_\_ as a root element.

- A. tag.
- B. source.
- C. stylesheet.
- D. templates.

ANSWER: C

80. XSLT provides the \_\_\_\_\_ element to allow alternate conditional statements.

- A. follow.
- B. choose.
- C. type.
- D. image.

ANSWER: B

81. The XSLT element copy is used to copy only the \_\_\_\_\_ node and not duplicate nodes.

- A. element.
- B. document.
- C. context.
- D. alignment.

ANSWER: C

82. Templates of an XSLT document can be applied to specific nodes of an element by using \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. apply templates.
- B. contemplates.
- C. templates.
- D. basic templates

ANSWER: A

83. The template element is used to match specific \_\_\_\_\_ of an XML document.

- A. elements.
- B. nodes.
- C. tags.
- D. attributes.

ANSWER: B

84. The two valid values for attribute type are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. text/xml, text/html.
- B. text/xml, text/xsl.
- C. text/xsl, text/css.
- D. text/html, text/css.

ANSWER: C

85. Attribute \_\_\_\_\_ has values ascending and descending.

- A. seq.
- B. order.
- C. tag.

D. element.  
ANSWER: B

86. Element \_\_\_\_\_ is used to include other XSLT documents in the current XSLT document.

- A. xclude.
- B. include.
- C. include xsl.
- D. xml include.

ANSWER: B

87. The two types of XLink links are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. extended, link.
- B. resource, img.
- C. tag, link.
- D. extended, src.

ANSWER: A

88. A/An \_\_\_\_\_ link can contain any number of links between local and/or remote resources.

- A. source.
- B. image.
- C. attribute.
- D. extended.

ANSWER: D

89. Xlink attribute type=" \_\_\_\_\_ " defines an element for addressing a remote resource.

- A. element.
- B. find.
- C. search.
- D. locator.

ANSWER: D

90. The XML \_\_\_\_\_ references a resource or a fragment of a resource.

- A. tag language.
- B. title language.
- C. pointer language.
- D. resource language.

ANSWER: C

91. A \_\_\_\_\_ Xpointer addresses simplifies expressions that use ids.

- A. bare-name.
- B. dare-name.
- C. source-name.
- D. xml-name.

ANSWER: A

92. An XPath node is called a \_\_\_\_\_ in Xpointer.

- A. location.
- B. space.
- C. search.
- D. edge.

ANSWER: A

93. \_\_\_\_\_ is used to provide a method for including XML documents within another XML documents.

- A. xinclude.
- B. include.
- C. sinclude.
- D. title.

ANSWER: A

94. A \_\_\_\_\_ property sets the background properties in one declaration.

- A. background.
- B. background-color.
- C. background-position.
- D. background-clip.

ANSWER: A

95. \_\_\_\_\_ is a XLink attribute that contains a human description of a link.

- A. Head.
- B. Title.
- C. Label.
- D. Preamble.

ANSWER: B

96. Links between remote resources and local resources are known as \_\_\_\_\_ links.

- A. boundless.
- B. inbound.
- C. source.
- D. reference.

ANSWER: B

97. \_\_\_\_\_ is the art of combining HTML, JavaScript, DOM and CSS.

- A. COM.
- B. DHTML.
- C. XSLT.
- D. XML parser.

ANSWER: B

98. According to XPath, every node in an XML document except for the root node has a \_\_\_\_\_ node.

- A. child.
- B. parent.
- C. parent.
- D. string.

ANSWER: C

99. In an XML document, the \_\_\_\_\_ node exists only at the top of the tree.

- A. child.
- B. parent.
- C. data.
- D. root.

ANSWER: D

100. Each XML element has a set of \_\_\_\_\_ automatically associated with it.

- A. tags.
- B. namespaces.
- C. child elements.
- D. parent node.

ANSWER: B

101. The node where an Xpath search begins is called a \_\_\_\_\_ node.

- A. context.
- B. layout.
- C. page.
- D. location.

ANSWER: A

102. Node \_\_\_\_\_ indicate a subset of nodes that are specified as axis.

- A. possibility.
- B. tests.
- C. edges.
- D. paths.

ANSWER: B

103. A \_\_\_\_\_ path consists of location steps separated by the forward slash character.

- A. search.
- B. search-node.
- C. location.
- D. location-node.

ANSWER: C

104. \_\_\_\_\_ performs an action on a node set returned by a location path.

- A. Node set procedure.
- B. Node set call.
- C. Node set.
- D. return.

ANSWER: B

105. The element name that follows element is called as \_\_\_\_\_ identifier.

- A. specific.
- B. generic.
- C. algorithmic.
- D. required.

ANSWER: B

106. The \_\_\_\_\_ value associated with a comment node includes the contents of the comment, with leading and trailing whitespace removed.

- A. string.
- B. numeric.
- C. float.
- D. datatype.

ANSWER: A

107. Which of the following statement is correct?

- A. `body { background-color; #d0e4fe; }`
- B. `body { background-color: #d0e4fe; }`
- C. `body { background-color: #d0e4fe}`
- D. `body ( background-color: #d0e4fe; )`

ANSWER: B

108. External style sheets are stored in \_\_\_\_\_ files.

- A. csv.
- B. css.
- C. txt.
- D. html.

ANSWER: B

109. \_\_\_\_\_ attribute defines the XSLT specification used.

- A. Order.
- B. Version.
- C. Nodes.
- D. Include.

ANSWER: B

110. An Xpath expression is specified using \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. curly braces.
- B. square braces.
- C. parenthesis.
- D. location node.

ANSWER: A

111. \_\_\_\_\_ is an XSLT element that applies the element's contents to each of the nodes specified in the attribute select.

- A. For.
- B. For-each.
- C. Each-for.
- D. Each.

ANSWER: B

112. \_\_\_\_\_ in a form causes changes to server data.

- A. `Method = 'post'`.
- B. `Method = 'get'`.
- C. `Method = 'change'`.
- D. `Method = 'action'`.

ANSWER: A

113. \_\_\_\_\_ is intended to define the content of the document.

- A. CSS.
- B. HTML.
- C. XML.
- D. DHTML.

ANSWER: B

114. The action attribute in the \_\_\_\_\_ tag is the path to a script that processes the form data.



- A. type.
- B. form.
- C. text.
- D. select.

ANSWER: B

115. The input element is common in forms and always requires the \_\_\_\_\_ attribute.

- A. type.
- B. form.
- C. text.
- D. select.

ANSWER: A

116. The input \_\_\_\_\_ inserts a one-line text bar into the form.

- A. type='reset'.
- B. type='submit'.
- C. type='text'.
- D. type='password'.

ANSWER: C

117. The \_\_\_\_\_ element places a button in the form that submits data to the server.

- A. type='reset'.
- B. type='submit'.
- C. type='text'.
- D. type='password'.

ANSWER: B

118. The \_\_\_\_\_ input element places a button on the form that, when clicked, will clear all entries the user has entered into the form.

- A. type='reset'.
- B. type='submit'.
- C. type='text'.
- D. type='password'.

ANSWER: A

119. The \_\_\_\_\_ element inserts a box into the form.

- A. element.
- B. input.
- C. select.
- D. Text area.

ANSWER: D

120. Data entered in a \_\_\_\_\_ input appears on the screen as asterisks.

- A. type='checkbox'.
- B. type='reset'.
- C. type='submit'.
- D. type='password'.

ANSWER: D

121. Every \_\_\_\_\_ element creates a new checkbox in the form.

- A. type='checkbox'.

- B. type='checkbox'.
- C. type='check box'.
- D. type='chk box'.

ANSWER: A

122. \_\_\_\_\_ when inserted into forms by means of the input attribute will allow selecting only one item in the group at any time.

- A. type='radio button'.
- B. type='option'.
- C. type='radio'.
- D. type='submit'.

ANSWER: C

123. Insert the attribute \_\_\_\_\_ to indicate which radio button must be selected by default.

- A. checked.
- B. unchecked.
- C. name.
- D. tag.

ANSWER: A

124. The \_\_\_\_\_ element places a selectable list of items inside the form.

- A. selec\_list.
- B. select.
- C. type.
- D. action.

ANSWER: B

125. Spaces in \_\_\_\_\_ are preserved.

- A. ndata.
- B. cdata.
- C. pcddata.
- D. data

ANSWER: B

126. The \_\_\_\_\_ style allows declaring a style for an individual element.

- A. external.
- B. internal.
- C. inline.
- D. implied.

ANSWER: C

127. Each CSS property is followed by a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. semicolon.
- B. colon.
- C. comma.
- D. ampersand.

ANSWER: B

128. The \_\_\_\_\_ property sets the color of the text.

- A. color.
- B. text\_color.

- C. font\_color.
- D. shade.

ANSWER: A

129. The \_\_\_\_\_ attribute specify the names of the font.

- A. font.
- B. font-family.
- C. font-style.
- D. font-name.

ANSWER: B

130. The \_\_\_\_\_ attribute applies a style class to an element.

- A. tag.
- B. element.
- C. class.
- D. hover.

ANSWER: C

131. The \_\_\_\_\_ property applies decorations to text within an element.

- A. text-decoration.
- B. text-fontstyle.
- C. text-style.
- D. text-effect.

ANSWER: A

132. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a relative length measurement.

- A. line.
- B. pixel.
- C. circle.
- D. rectangle.

ANSWER: B

133. \_\_\_\_\_ attribute specifies relationship between a document and another document.

- A. Link's rel.
- B. Link's align.
- C. Z-index.
- D. Link's format.

ANSWER: A

134. The \_\_\_\_\_ property of the CSS allows absolute positioning.

- A. absolute.
- B. position.
- C. relative.
- D. element.

ANSWER: B

135. The \_\_\_\_\_ property allows to property layer overlapping elements.

- A. z-index.
- B. x-index.
- C. y-index.
- D. r-index.

ANSWER: A

136. XML documents are made up of markup and \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Character Data
- B. Numeric Data
- C. Physical Data
- D. Wizards

ANSWER: A

137. The \_\_\_\_\_ property controls the tiling of background image.

- A. background-repeat.
- B. background-tile.
- C. background-no repeat.
- D. repeat-background.

ANSWER: A

138. Setting the tiling to \_\_\_\_\_ property displays one copy of the background image on screen.

- A. background-repeat.
- B. background.
- C. background-no repeat.
- D. repeat-x.

ANSWER: C

139. The \_\_\_\_\_ property can be set to repeat background vertically.

- A. background-repeat.
- B. background.
- C. repeat-y.
- D. repeat-x.

ANSWER: D

140. The property setting background 'attachment: \_\_\_\_\_' fixes the image in the position specified.

- A. fixed.
- B. image.
- C. tag.
- D. path of the image.

ANSWER: A

141. The \_\_\_\_\_ property intends the first line of text in the element by specified amount.

- A. text-show.
- B. text-indent.
- C. text-align.
- D. text-center.

ANSWER: B

142. The \_\_\_\_\_ property specifies the boldness of text.

- A. font-weight.
- B. font-height.
- C. font-width.
- D. font-text.

ANSWER: A

143. The \_\_\_\_\_ property allows to set text to italic or oblique.

- A. font-weight.
- B. font-align..
- C. font-style.
- D. font-text

ANSWER: C

144. \_\_\_\_\_ is a generic grouping element.

- A. span.
- B. source.
- C. tag.
- D. align.

ANSWER: A

145. The dimensions of page elements can be set by \_\_\_\_\_ properties.

- A. x-height & y- width.
- B. height & width.
- C. height & weight.
- D. length & breadth.

ANSWER: B

146. \_\_\_\_\_ is about using the DOM to access and manipulate HTML elements.

- A. COM.
- B. XML.
- C. DHTML.
- D. Java Script.

ANSWER: C

147. The \_\_\_\_\_ property determines the distance between elements edge and outside text.

- A. align.
- B. centered.
- C. margin.
- D. span.

ANSWER: C

148. The \_\_\_\_\_ property sets the color used for the border.

- A. border-shade.
- B. border-paint.
- C. color.
- D. border-color.

ANSWER: D

149. More than one class can be set to HTML element using \_\_\_\_\_ property.

- A. align.
- B. procedure.
- C. class.
- D. center.

ANSWER: C

150. Keyword \_\_\_\_\_ indicates that the content of external entity is not XML.

- A. ndata.

- B. cdata.
  - C. pcddata.
  - D. data.
- ANSWER: A

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